

[Sample Document](#) [Database Fields](#) [Search Tips](#) [Login/Registration](#)

## **INFODATA Information Science (IDAT)**

The database contains bibliographic references to the German and international literature on information science and practice. It comprises 60% English sources, 38% German sources and 2% others. All documents have an abstract in German or English.

### **Scope**

- Literature documentation, documentation of facts, data and objects
- Technical databases and information systems
- Information brokerage, inhouse information, information management
- Systems of ordering (classifications, thesauri)
- Education and occupation in the sectors of technical information, library science and computer science
- Political and legal aspects of information
- Library problems, in particular library automation
- Publications, electronic publishing
- Information processing and information networks (hardware, software)
- New media and communication technologies
- Artificial intelligence, expert systems, computational linguistics
- Office communications
- Standardisation, terminology, user analysis, impact research

### **Language**

English, German

### **File Data**

Number of records: ca. 118,000

Years covered: from 1976

Update: monthly

### **Producer**

Until December 2018:

Fachhochschule Potsdam, Informationszentrum  
für Informationswissenschaft und -praxis

Since 1st January 2019:

WTI-Frankfurt-digital GmbH

Ferdinand-Happ-Str. 32, D-60314 Frankfurt/Main

Phone: (069) 4308-111

Fax.: (069) 4308-200

Internet: <http://www.wti-frankfurt.de>

Responsible for database input:

Elena Bernauer

Phone.: (069) 4308-212

**Sample Document**[TOP](#)**Database**

IDAT, FIZ Technik: INFODATA (C) FHP Fachhochschule Potsdam-IZ

**Title**

Wikipedia, critical social theory, and the possibility of rational discourse.

**Descriptors**

INFORMATIONSSYSTEM; INFORMATIONSTHEORIE; PHILOSOPHIE; KRITIK; KOMMUNIKATIONSTHEORIE; HUMANFAKTOR; NACHSCHLAGEWERK; DIGITAL; information system; information theory; philosophy; criticism; communication theory; human factor; reference book; digital

**Keywords**

Informationssystem; Informationstheorie; Philosophie; Kritik; Kommunikationstheorie; Humanfaktor; Nachschlagewerk; Digital

**Abstract**

Information systems researchers that apply critical social perspectives frequently emphasize the potential for information technology to serve as a mechanism for increased rationalization, domination, and control. Such theorists often overlook or discount the liberating aspects of information systems. In this study, we apply the ideal of rational discourse developed by Jürgen Habermas to the phenomenon of Wikipedia in an effort to explore empirically the emancipatory potential of information systems. We contend that Wikipedia embodies an approximation of the necessary conditions for rational discourse. While several challenges persist, the example of Wikipedia illustrates the positive potential of information systems in supporting the emergence of more emancipatory forms of communication. The corresponding implications for researchers and design professionals alike are discussed. (Autor)

**Author**

Hansen-S; Berente-N; Lyytinen-K

**Institution**

Case Western Reserve Univ., Cleveland, OH, US

**Source**

The information society : An international journal, Band 25, (2009), Heft 1, Seite 38-59, 1 Tabelle, 81 Quellen

**Serial Codes**

ISSN: 0197-2243

**Classification**K30 Software  
W05 Humanities, cultural studies  
W10 Social sciences  
L70 Telecommunication services

**Language**

EN English

**Availability**

IDAT20090700711BA

**Treatment Codes**

G10 Application oriented

**Publication Type**

J Journal

**Publication Year**

2009

**Entry Date**

200907

**Update**

2009-07-30

**Database Fields**     [TOP](#)

Title	TI
Author	AU
Institution	CO
Thesaurus	TH
Descriptors	DE
Classification	CC
Source	SO
Serial Codes	SC
Language	LG
Publication Type	PT
Abstract	TX
Keywords	MJ
Treatment Codes	TC
Fulltext	AV
Publication Year	YR
Update	UP

## Search Tips [TOP](#)

### Search in specific fields

The "General Search" includes the following fields: Title, Abstract, Author, Institution, Source, Serial Codes (ISSN and ISBN), Keywords and Publication Year. In all other cases the respective field has to be selected. In the "Expert Search" every field can be selected from the dropdown-list, or you can directly enter the field tag (in capital letters), followed by colon with the search term, e.g. the classification CC:T15.

The direct search with field tag is possible in all search types (Quick Search, Advanced Search and Expert Search).

### Field Author (AU)

Authors may be searched with hyphen, e.g. hoyer-u, or within quotation marks, e.g. "hoyer u" (last name - initial). The first names are abbreviated in this database. Truncation is possible with last names only, e.g. hoyer\* returns hoyer-u, hoyer-u-j, hoyerberg, hoyermann etc. Should only the last name be searched for, it is recommended to select the Author Field (e.g. in "Advanced Search" or "Expert Search").

### Field Serial Codes (SC)

ISSN and ISBN are searchable with hyphens, e.g. 978-3-531-13892-3.

List of journals with ISSN see:

<http://forge.fh-potsdam.de/cgi-bin/zlistet.asc>

### Classification Field (CC)

In "Advanced Search" and "Expert Search" the subjects can be selected from a list. In the "General Search" the field tag has to be used. Instead you can select the field from the dropdown-list in the "Expert Search".

Codes see [Classification INFODATA](#) [in German]

### Field Availability (AV)

This field contains the document number for identifying the record.

## Update

April 2019